



Service Bulletin

INFORMATION

Subject: Information on Poor DEF Quality Message Displayed on Driver Information Center (DIC) and/or Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) Illuminated - DTCs P249D, P249E

Brand:	Model:	Model Year:		VIN:		Engine:	Transmission:
		from	to	from	to		
Chevrolet	Colorado	2016	2017			LWN	
GMC	Canyon						

Involved Region or Country	North America
Condition	<p>Some customers may comment on one or more of the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DEF Quality Message displayed on the DIC • MIL illuminated <p>The technician may find one or more of the following DTCs set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P249D • P249E

<p>Information</p>	<p>The NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value can be found in the Reductant System Data list in GDS2. This feature is the ECM's way to "close the loop" on the selective catalyst reduction system (SCR system). The SCR system consists of the Diesel Exhaust Fluid, DEF dosing hardware (Emission Reduction Fluid Injector, Emission Reduction Fluid Exhaust Front Pipe Injector Supply Pipe, Emission Reduction Fluid Tank, Emission Reduction Fluid Supply Pump Module, and Emission Reduction Fluid Controller), and the SCR. The SCR system removes the NOx (Nitrogen Oxides) from the vehicles exhaust under various conditions. The ECM measures this reduction by looking at the NOx 1 and NOx 2 sensor readings. The ECM also looks at other sensors to predict what the NOx reduction should be. Certain things can influence how the system works, tolerances on sensors (Mass Airflow Sensor, Nitrogen Oxides Sensor, Emission Reduction Fluid Injector, Exhaust Temperature Sensor, etc.), Exhaust piping, SCR brick, etc. Also intake or exhaust leaks can impact the performance of the SCR system. Under proper conditions the system will "adapt" when it sees an error in the predicted downstream NOx as compared to the actual downstream sensor reading. If a large enough error is measured between the two calculations over a time period, the NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value changes to account for this.</p> <p>If the DEF injector is in tolerance, but is injecting on the low side of the spec, eventually the system would be under loaded (not enough DEF on the SCR) and there will be an error between the model (or the predicted NOx 2 reading) and the measured NOx2 sensor.</p> <p>⇒ The NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value will adapt to a value larger than one, (example 1.1). So when DEF dosing is requested, it will be multiplied by the NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value factor or 1.1.</p> <p>If the NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value reaches 1.45, it will turn on the Exhaust Fluid Quality Poor message.</p> <p>If the NOx Catalyst Reductant-Load Adaptive Value is below 0.4 or above 1.7, code P249D or P249E will set.</p>
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Parts Information

No parts are required for this repair.

<p>Version</p>	<p>1</p>
<p>Modified</p>	

GM bulletins are intended for use by professional technicians, NOT a "do-it-yourselfer". They are written to inform these technicians of conditions that may occur on some vehicles, or to provide information that could assist in the proper service of a vehicle. Properly trained technicians have the equipment, tools, safety instructions, and know-how to do a job properly and safely. If a condition is described, DO NOT assume that the bulletin applies to your vehicle, or that your vehicle will have that condition. See your GM dealer for information on whether your vehicle may benefit from the information.



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